

# Z-POLYREGULAR FUNCTIONS

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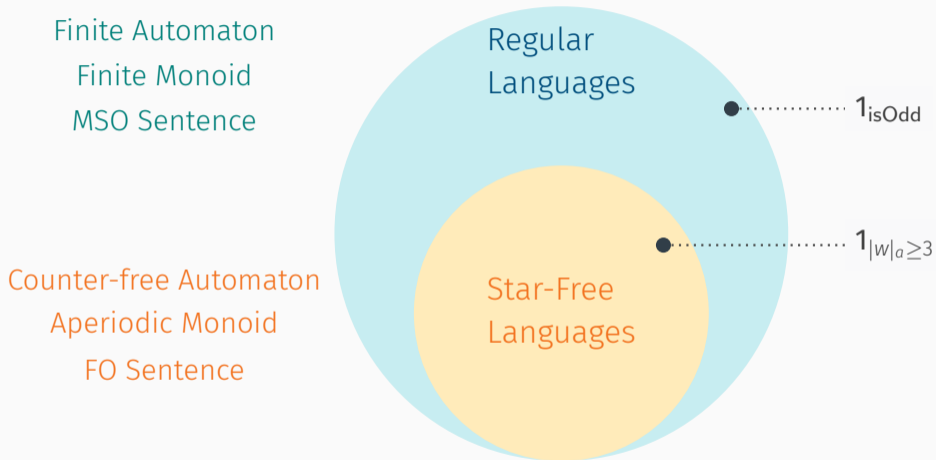
# REGULARITY AND APERIODICITY FOR LANGUAGES

Finite Automaton  
Finite Monoid  
MSO Sentence

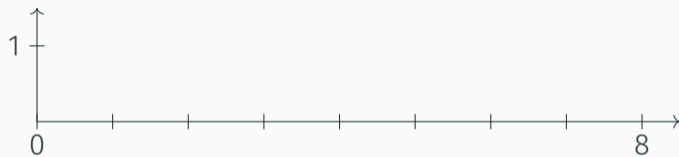
Counter-free Automaton  
Aperiodic Monoid  
FO Sentence



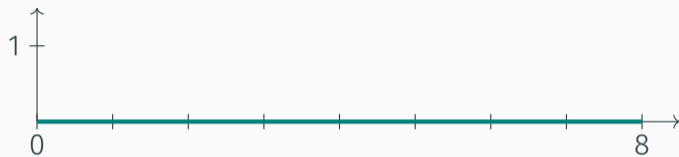
# REGULARITY AND APERIODICITY FOR LANGUAGES



## STAR-FREE ...GRAPHICALLY

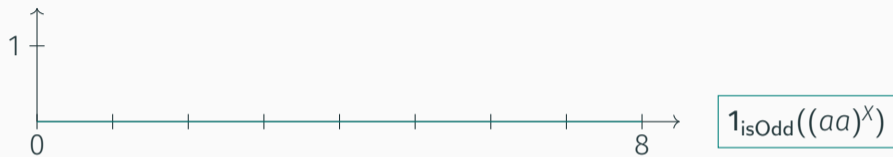


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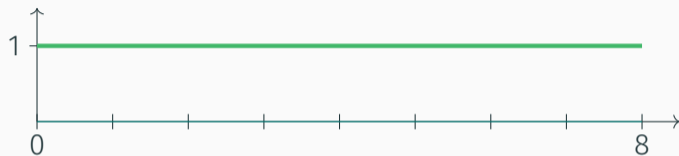


$$1_{\text{isOdd}}((aa)^x)$$

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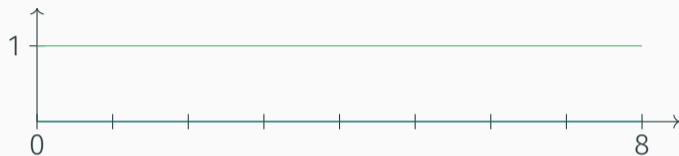
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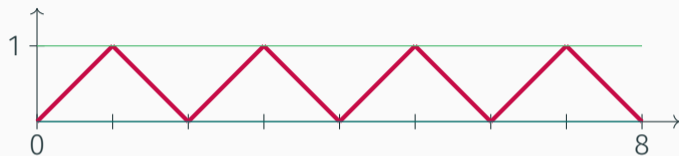


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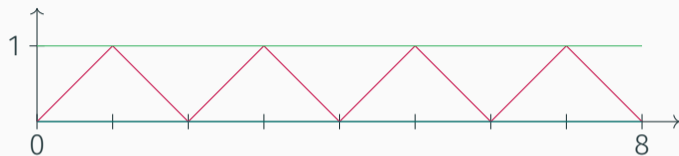


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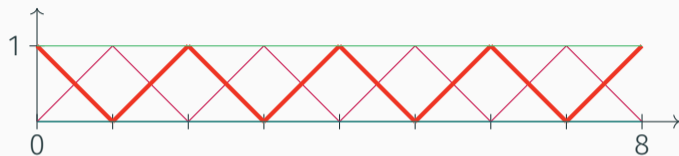


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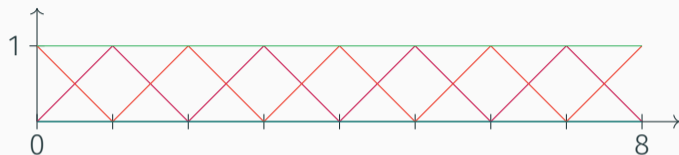
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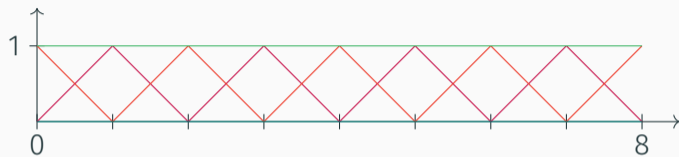
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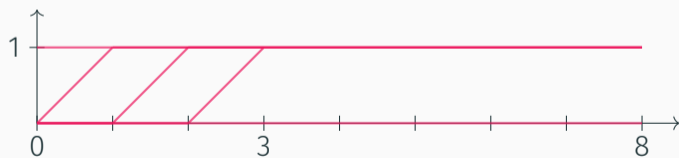


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$$\mathbf{1}_{|w|_a \geq 3}$$

## Star-free is Decidable!

Because one can compute the DFA/the syntactic monoid: canonical model.

## Regularity for word-to-number functions

weighted automata  $\iff$  rational series  
 $\iff$  weighted logics  
 $\iff$  rational expressions

## STAR-FREE FUNCTIONS?

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## Not like previous attempts!

Both [Reutenauer, 1980, III.4.4] and [Droste and Gastin, 2019] capture indicator functions of non-aperiodic languages.

## Generalisation

$f: \Sigma^* \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$  is star-free when

$$\forall u, v, w \in \Sigma^*. \quad \exists P_{u,v,w}(X) \in \mathbb{Z}[X]. \quad f(uw^Xv) \simeq P_{u,v,w}(X)$$

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For rational series, this implies polynomial growth!

$$\exists k \in \mathbb{N}. \quad \sup_{|w|=n} |f(w)| = \mathcal{O}(n^k) \quad .$$

## THIS TALK:

$\mathbb{Z}$ -RATIONAL SERIES:  $f: \Sigma^* \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$

WITH POLYNOMIAL GROWTH:  $\exists k \in \mathbb{N}, |f(w)| = \mathcal{O}(|w|^k)$ .

A LOT OF EFFECTIVE TRANSLATIONS.

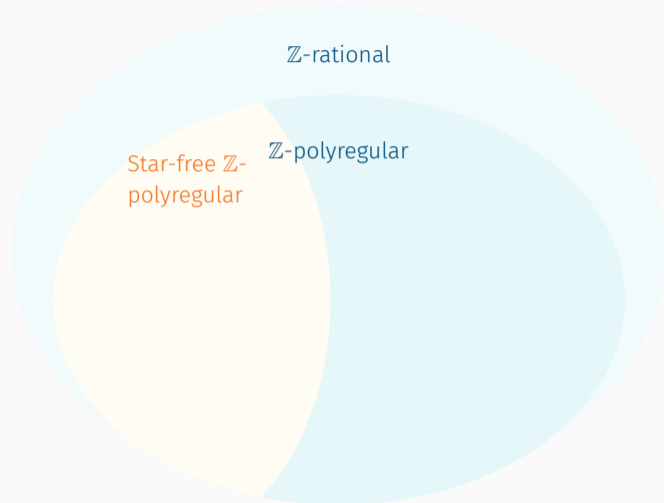
DECIDABLE NOTION OF STAR-FREE!



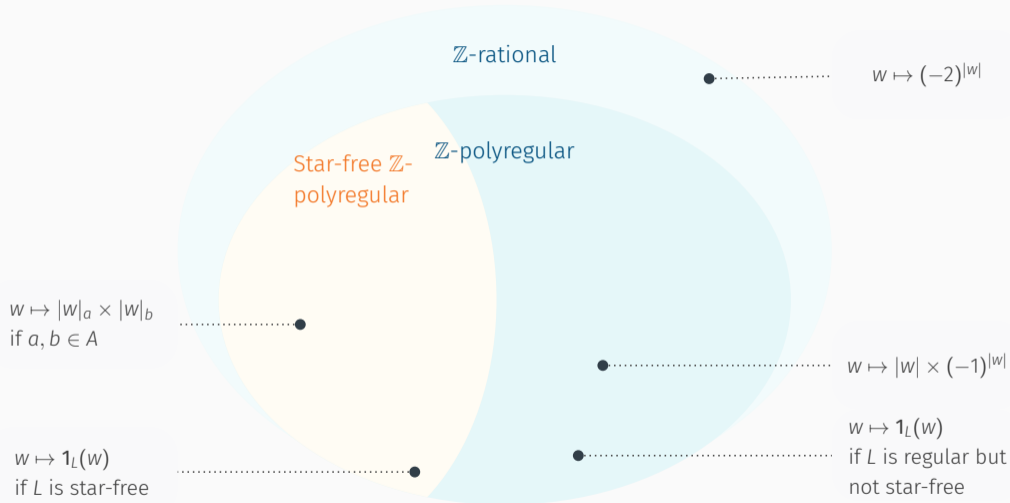
## OUR RESULTS: EFFECTIVE DECISION PROCEDURES.



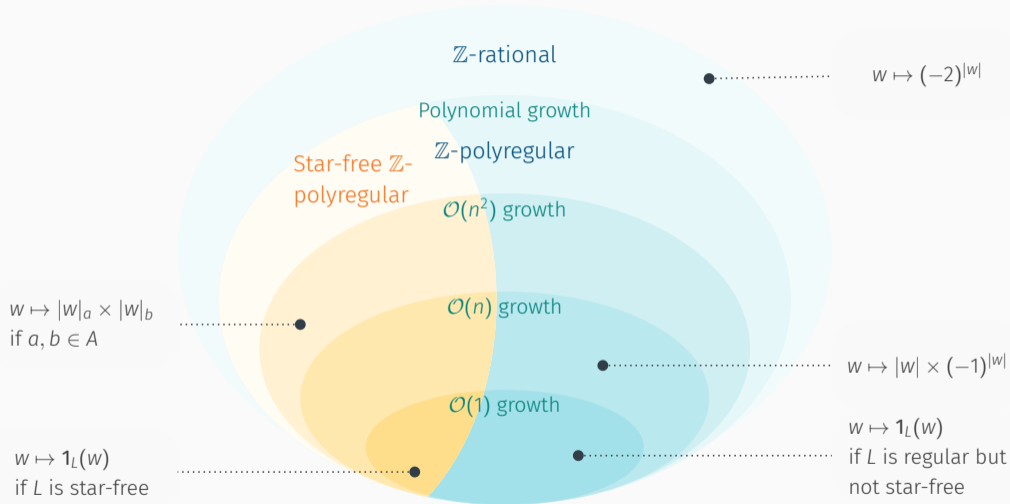
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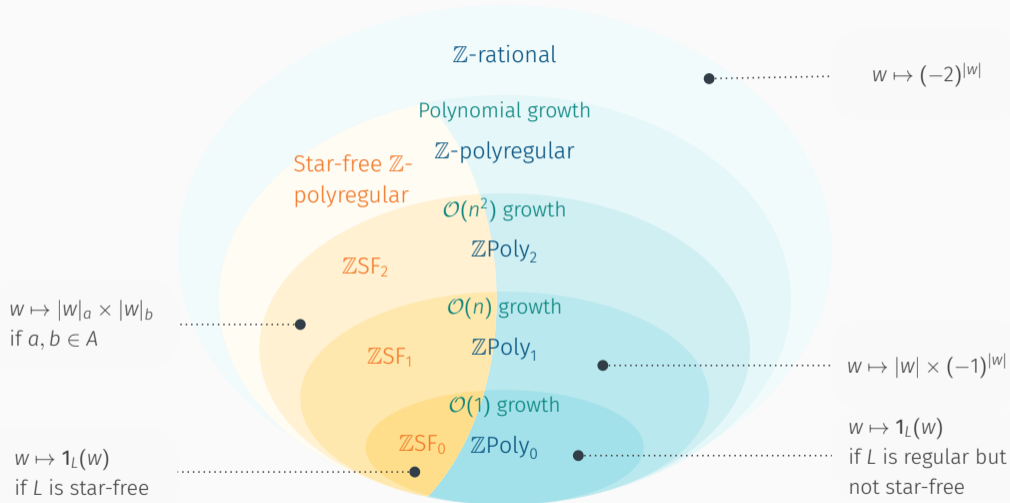
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# OUR RESULTS: (EFFECTIVELY) EQUIVALENT DESCRIPTIONS OF THE CLASSES

## $\mathbb{Z}$ -polyregular functions

- Counting MSO formulas
- Weighted automata with eigenvalues 0 or roots of unity ( $\simeq$  non-trivial groups)
- Closure of regular languages under classical operators
- *Deterministic suffix transducers*

## Star-free $\mathbb{Z}$ -polyregular functions

- Counting FO formulas
- Weighted automata with eigenvalues 0 or 1 ( $\simeq$  no non-trivial groups)
- Closure of star-free languages under classical operators
- Counter-free deterministic suffix transducers

Non star-free function:  $f(w) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (-1)^{|w|} \times |w|$ .

Residuals of  $f$  up to constant growth rate

Residual transducer of the function.

Non star-free function:  $f(w) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (-1)^{|w|} \times |w|$  of linear growth.

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Non star-free function:  $f(w) \stackrel{def}{=} (-1)^{|w|} \times |w|$  of linear growth.

Residuals of  $f$  up to constant growth rate

$$f(aw) - f(w) = (-1)^{|w|+1} \times (1 + 2|w|)$$
$$f(aaw) - f(w) = 2 \times (-1)^{|w|}$$

linear growth  
constant growth

Residual transducer of the function.

Non star-free function:  $f(w) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (-1)^{|w|} \times |w|$  of linear growth.

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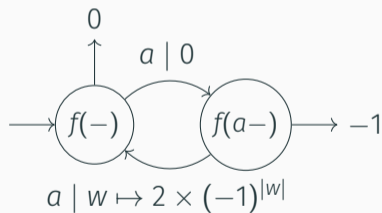
- Deterministic machine whose states corresponds to the *residuals* of  $f$
- Output labels are **functions** of smaller growth applied on suffixes

## A CONCRETE DETERMINISTIC SUFFIX TRANSDUCER

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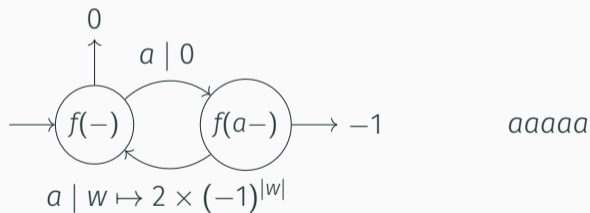


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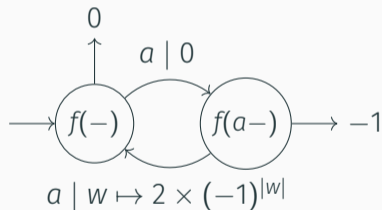


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Residual transducer of the function.



Not *counter-free*: there is a counter between  $f(-)$  and  $f(a-)$ .

Decide if  $\mathbb{N}$ -polyregular is star-free  $\mathbb{N}$ -polyregular?



The canonical deterministic suffix transducer *cannot* be build in  $\mathbb{N}$ .

Star-free rational series?

Generalize the notions to functions with exponential growth.



THANK YOU!

-  Droste, M. and Gastin, P. (2019).  
**Aperiodic weighted automata and weighted first-order logic.**  
*In 44th International Symposium on Mathematical Foundations of Computer Science, MFCS 2019, volume 138.*
-  Reutenauer, C. (1980).  
**Séries formelles et algèbres syntactiques.**  
*Journal of Algebra, 66(2):448–483.*