

Homework 2

To hand in on October 7th at the beginning of the exercise session, or by email at `leroux@lsv.fr`.

Exercise 1 (Equivalences). We fix a set of atomic propositions AP including $\{p, q\}$, and the time flow $(\mathbb{N}, <)$. Which of the following equivalences are correct? Give a proof or a counter-example.

1. $(Xp) \wedge (Xq) \equiv X(p \wedge q)$
2. $(SFp) \wedge (SFq) \equiv SF(p \wedge q)$
3. $(Yp) S (Yq) \equiv Y(p S q)$
4. $(Gp) \cup (Gq) \equiv G(p \cup Gq)$
5. $(Xp) \cup q \equiv X(p \cup (p \wedge q))$
6. $(p \cup q) \cup q \equiv p \cup q$
7. $(GFp) \rightarrow (GFq) \equiv G(p \rightarrow Fq)$
8. $Gp \rightarrow Fq \equiv p \cup (q \vee \neg p)$

Exercise 2 (Specification). We fix a set of propositions $AP = \{\text{ok}, \text{crash}, \text{alarm}, \text{reset}\}$ and the time flow $(\mathbb{N}, <)$. Provide formulae for the following properties (a) in $FO(AP, <)$, (b) in $TL(AP, SU, SS)$ (your formula should use past modalities), and (c) in $TL(AP, SU)$. For cases (b) and (c), your formula φ must be such that a temporal structure w satisfies the property described if and only if $w, 0 \models \varphi$.

1. “Whenever the alarm rings, there has been a crash immediately before.”
2. “Whenever the alarm rings, there has been a crash some time before, and no reset in the meantime.”