

Iris

Viktor Vafeiadis

MPI-SWS

EPIT 2018, May 2018

Slides by Ralf Jung (MPI-SWS)

Tons of prior program logics

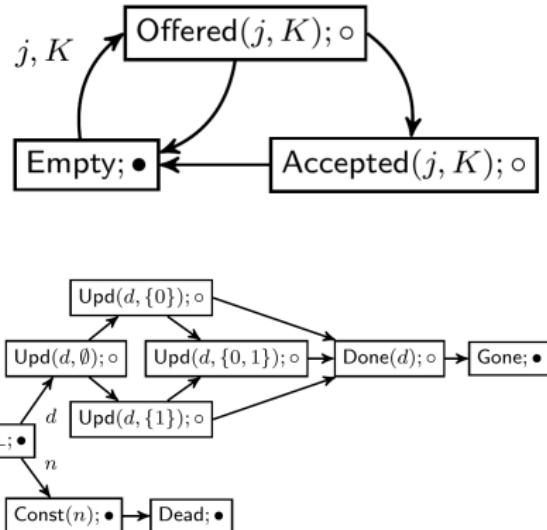
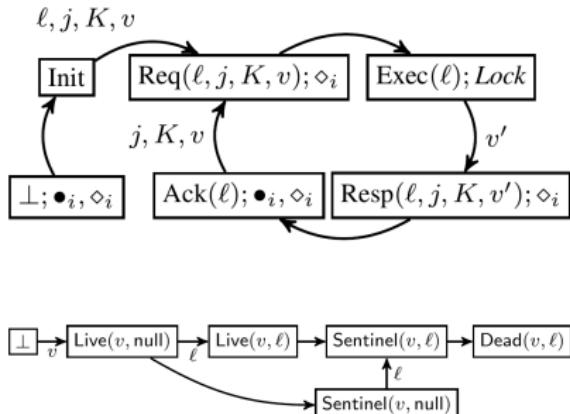
- CSL [O'H07]
- RGSep [VP07]
- SAGL [FFS07]
- LRG [Fen09]
- CAP [DY+10]
- HLRG [Fu+10]
- CaReSL [TDB13]
- SCSL [LWN13]
- HoCAP [SBP13]
- iCAP [SB14]
- FCSL [Nan+14]
- TaDA [dDYG14]

Yet another concurrency logic

Iris addresses two problems

- Simplifying the foundations of concurrent reasoning
- Supporting a *logical* notion of atomicity

STSs in CaReSL



Complex rules built-in as primitives

$$\text{CaReSL: } \frac{\mathcal{C} \vdash \forall b \underset{\text{rely}}{\exists}_{\pi} b_0. (\pi[b] * P) \ i \Rightarrow_1 a \ (x. \exists b' \underset{\text{guar}}{\exists}_{\pi} b. \pi[b'] * Q)}{\mathcal{C} \vdash \left\{ \boxed{b_0}_{\pi}^n * \triangleright P \right\} \ i \Rightarrow a \ \left\{ x. \exists b'. \boxed{b'}_{\pi}^n * Q \right\}} \text{ UPDISL}$$

$$\text{iCAP: } \frac{\begin{array}{c} \Gamma, \Delta \mid \Phi \vdash \text{stable}(P) \quad \Gamma, \Delta \mid \Phi \vdash \forall y. \text{stable}(Q(y)) \\ \Gamma, \Delta \mid \Phi \vdash n \in C \quad \Gamma, \Delta \mid \Phi \vdash \forall x \in X. (x, f(x)) \in \overline{T(A)} \vee f(x) = x \\ \Gamma \mid \Phi \vdash \forall x \in X. (\Delta). \langle P * \circledast_{\alpha \in A} [\alpha]_{g(\alpha)}^n * \triangleright I(x) \rangle \ c \ \langle Q(x) * \triangleright I(f(x)) \rangle^{C \setminus \{n\}} \end{array}}{\Gamma \mid \Phi \vdash (\Delta). \langle P * \circledast_{\alpha \in A} [\alpha]_{g(\alpha)}^n * \text{region}(X, T, I, n) \rangle} \text{ ATOMIC}$$

$$c$$

$$\langle \exists x. Q(x) * \text{region}(\{f(x)\}, T, I, n) \rangle^C$$

$$\text{TaDA: } \frac{\begin{array}{c} a \notin \mathcal{A} \quad \forall x \in X. (x, f(x)) \in \mathcal{T}_t(G)^* \\ \lambda; \mathcal{A} \vdash \forall x \in X. \langle p_p \mid I(t_a^\lambda(x)) * p(x) * [G]_a \rangle \ \mathbb{C} \quad \exists y \in Y. \langle q_p(x, y) \mid I(t_a^\lambda(f(x))) * q(x, y) \rangle \\ \lambda + 1; \mathcal{A} \vdash \forall x \in X. \langle p_p \mid t_a^\lambda(x) * p(x) * [G]_a \rangle \ \mathbb{C} \quad \exists y \in Y. \langle q_p(x, y) \mid t_a^\lambda(f(x)) * q(x, y) \rangle \end{array}}{\lambda + 1; \mathcal{A} \vdash \forall x \in X. \langle p_p \mid I(t_a^\lambda(x)) * p(x) * [G]_a \rangle \ \mathbb{C} \quad \exists y \in Y. \langle q_p(x, y) \mid I(t_a^\lambda(f(x))) * q(x, y) \rangle} \text{ Use atomic rule}$$

Complex rules built-in as primitives

$$\text{CaReSL: } \frac{\mathcal{C} \vdash \forall b \underset{\text{rely}}{\sqsupseteq}_{\pi} b_0. (\llbracket \pi[b] * P \rrbracket) i \mapsto_1 a \left(x. \exists b' \underset{\text{guar}}{\sqsupseteq}_{\pi} b. \llbracket \pi[b'] * Q \rrbracket \right)}{\mathcal{C} \vdash \left\{ \boxed{b_0}_{\pi}^n * \triangleright P \right\} i \mapsto a \left\{ x. \exists b'. \boxed{b'}_{\pi}^n * Q \right\}}$$

All you need are two simple primitives:

- *Monoids to express protocols.*
- *Invariants to enforce protocols.*

$$\text{TaDA: } \frac{\lambda; \mathcal{A} \vdash \forall x \in X. \langle p_p \mid I(t_a^\lambda(x)) * p(x) * [G]_a \rangle \subseteq \exists y \in Y. \langle q_p(x, y) \mid I(t_a^\lambda(f(x))) * q(x, y) \rangle}{\lambda + 1; \mathcal{A} \vdash \forall x \in X. \langle p_p \mid t_a^\lambda(x) * p(x) * [G]_a \rangle \subseteq \exists y \in Y. \langle q_p(x, y) \mid t_a^\lambda(f(x)) * q(x, y) \rangle}$$

Use atomic rule
 $a \notin \mathcal{A} \quad \forall x \in X. (x, f(x)) \in \mathcal{T}_t(G)^*$

Protocols =
Monoids + Invariants

A simple example

```
fn inc2(x) {  
    do {  
        v = !x;  
        b = cas(x, v, v + 2);  
    } while (not b);  
}
```

A simple example

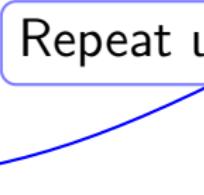
```
fn inc2(x) {  
    do {  
        v = !x;  
        b = cas(x, v, v + 2);  
    } while (not b);  
}
```

Set x from v to $v + 2$

A simple example

```
fn inc2(x) {  
    do {  
        v = !x;  
        b = cas(x, v, v + 2);  
    } while (not b);  
}
```

Repeat until **cas** succeeds



Invariants

“ x points to an even number”

```
fn inc2(x) {  
    do {  
        v = !x;  
        b = cas(x, v, v + 2);  
    } while (not b);  
}
```

Invariants

“ x points to an even number”: $R \triangleq \exists i. x \mapsto i * \text{ev}(i)$

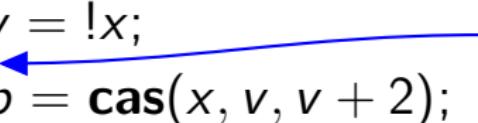
```
fn inc2(x) {  
    do {  
        v = !x;  
        b = cas(x, v, v + 2);  
    } while (not b);  
}
```

Invariants

“ x points to an even number”: $R \triangleq \exists i. x \mapsto i * \text{ev}(i)$

```
fn inc2(x) {  
    do {  
        v = !x;  
        b = cas(x, v, v + 2);  
    } while (not b);  
}
```

Before **cas**:
Obtain invariant



Invariants

“ x points to an even number”: $R \triangleq \exists i. x \mapsto i * \text{ev}(i)$

```
fn inc2(x) {
```

```
do {
```

```
    v = !x;
```

```
    b = cas(x, v, v + 2);
```

```
} while (not b);
```

```
}
```

Before **cas**:
Obtain invariant

After **cas**:
Re-establish invariant

Invariants

“ x points to an even number”: $R \triangleq \exists i. x \mapsto i * \text{ev}(i)$

fn $inc2(x)$ {

do {

$v = !x;$

$b = \text{cas}(x, v, v + 2);$

} **while** (**not** b);

}

$\{R * P\} \in \{R * Q\}$

e atomic

$\boxed{R} \vdash \{P\} \in \{Q\}$

cf. CSL
[O'H07]

Invariants

“ x points to an even number”: $R \triangleq \exists i. x \mapsto i * \text{ev}(i)$

```
fn inc2(x) {
```

```
do {
```

```
    v = !x;
```

```
    b = cas(x, v, v + 2);
```

```
} while (not b);
```

```
}
```

$$\{R * P\} \rightarrow \{R * Q\}$$

e atomic

$$\boxed{R} \vdash \{P\} \rightarrow \{Q\}$$

cf. CSL
[O'H07]

Invariant

Invariants

“ x points to an even number”: $R \triangleq \exists i. x \mapsto i * \text{ev}(i)$

```
fn inc2(x) {  
    do {  
        v = !x;  
        b = cas(x, v, v + 2);  
    } while (not b);  
}
```

$$\frac{\{R * P\} \rightarrow \{R * Q\} \quad \text{e atomic}}{R \vdash \{P\} \rightarrow \{Q\}}$$

cf. CSL [O'H07]

Resources carried in

Invariants

“ x points to an even number”: $R \triangleq \exists i. x \mapsto i * \text{ev}(i)$

```
fn inc2(x) {  
    do {  
        v = !x;  
        b = cas(x, v, v + 2);  
    } while (not b);  
}
```

$$\frac{\{R * P\} \text{ e } \{R * Q\} \\ \text{e atomic}}{R \vdash \{P\} \text{ e } \{Q\}}$$

cf. CSL [O'H07]

Resources carried out

Invariants

“ x points to an even number”: $R \triangleq \exists i. x \mapsto i * \text{ev}(i)$

```
fn inc2(x) {
```

```
    do {
```

```
        v = !x;
```

```
        b = cas(x, v, v + 2);
```

```
    } while (not b);
```

```
}
```

$$\{R * P\} \rightarrow \{R * Q\}$$

e atomic

$$\boxed{R} \vdash \{P\} \rightarrow \{Q\}$$

cf. CSL
[O'H07]

Avoid interference

Invariants are not enough

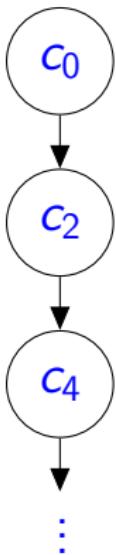
“**x** points to a *monotonically increasing even number*”

```
fn inc2(x) {  
    do {  
        v = !x;  
        b = cas(x, v, v + 2);  
    } while (not b);  
}
```

STS Example

```
fn inc2(x) {  
    do {  
        v = !x;  
        b = cas(x, v, v + 2);  
    } while (not b);  
}
```

\mathcal{S} :

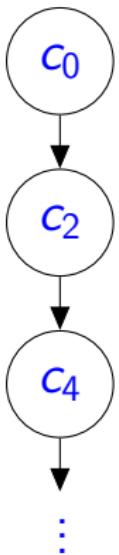


STS Example

```
fn inc2(x) {  
    do {  
        v = !x;  
        b = cas(x, v, v + 2);  
    } while (not b);  
}
```

$$\varphi(c_i) \triangleq x \mapsto i$$

\mathcal{S} :



STS Example

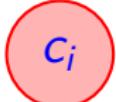
$$\{\sum c_i\}$$

```
fn inc2(x) {  
    do {  
        v = !x;  
        b = cas(x, v, v + 2);  
    } while (not b);  
}
```

$$\{\sum c_{i+2}\}$$

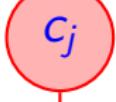
$$\varphi(c_i) \triangleq x \mapsto i$$

:



c_i

:



c_j

:



c_{j+2}

:

STS Example

$$\{\sum c_i\}$$

```
fn inc2(x) {  
    do {
```

$v = !x;$

$b = \text{cas}(x, v, v + 2);$

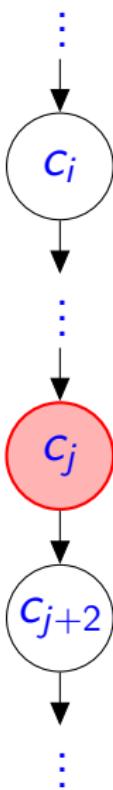
```
} while (not b);
```

```
}
```

$$\{\sum c_{i+2}\}$$

$$\varphi(c_i) \triangleq x \mapsto i$$

Current state: c_j



STS Example

$$\{\sum c_i\}$$

```
fn inc2(x) {
```

```
  do {
```

```
    v = !x;
```

```
    b = cas(x, v, v + 2);
```

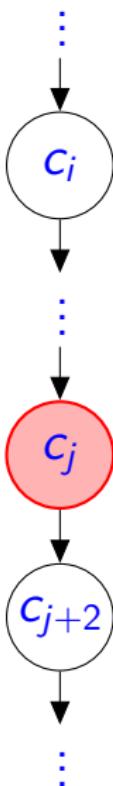
```
  } while (not b);
```

```
}
```

$$\{\sum c_{i+2}\}$$

$$\varphi(c_i) \triangleq x \mapsto i$$

Current state: c_j ,
so $x \mapsto j$



STS Example

$$\{\sum c_i\}$$

```
fn inc2(x) {  
    do {
```

```
        v = !x;
```

```
        b = cas(x, v, v + 2);
```

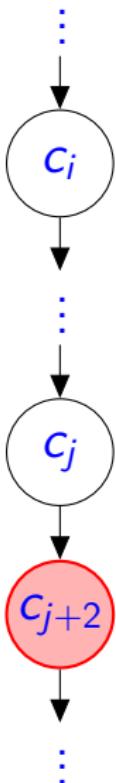
```
    } while (not b);
```

```
}
```

$$\{\sum c_{i+2}\}$$

$$\varphi(c_i) \triangleq x \mapsto i$$

Update state to c_{j+2}



STS Example

$$\{\sum c_i\}$$

```
fn inc2(x) {  
    do {
```

```
        v = !x;
```

```
        b = cas(x, v, v + 2);
```

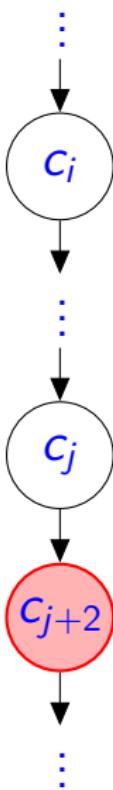
```
} while (not b);
```

```
}
```

$$\{\sum c_{i+2}\}$$

$$\varphi(c_i) \triangleq x \mapsto i$$

Update state to c_{j+2} ,
show: $x \mapsto j + 2$



STS Example

$$\{\sum c_i\}$$

```
fn inc2(x) {  
    do {
```

$v = !x;$

$b = \text{cas}(x, v, v + 2);$

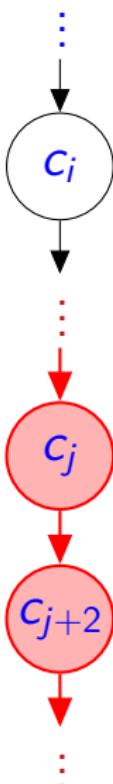
} while (not b);

}

$$\{\sum c_{i+2}\}$$

$$\varphi(c_i) \triangleq x \mapsto i$$

Obtain $\sum c_{j+2}$



STS Example

$$\{\sum c_i\}$$

```
fn inc2(x) {  
    do {
```

$v = !x;$

$b = \text{cas}(x, v, v + 2);$

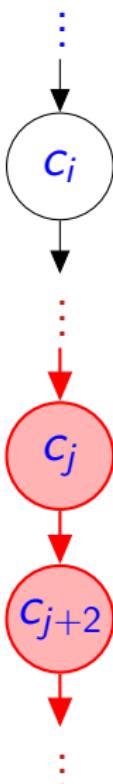
} while (not b);

}

$$\{\sum c_{i+2}\}$$

$$\varphi(c_i) \triangleq x \mapsto i$$

Obtain $\sum c_{j+2}$



STS Example

$$\frac{\forall c. \{ \hat{c} \rightarrow^* c * \varphi(c) * P \} \in \{v. \exists c'. c \rightarrow^* c' * \varphi(c') * Q\}}{\text{STS}(\mathcal{S}, \varphi) \vdash \{ \sum \hat{c} \} * P \in \{v. \exists c'. \sum c' * Q\}}$$

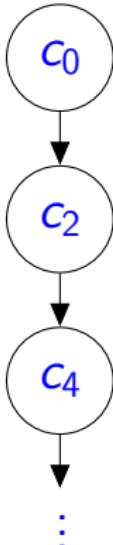
$\{\sum c_i\}$

$\varphi(c_i) \triangleq x \mapsto i$

\mathcal{S} :

```
fn inc2(x) {
    do {
        v = !x;
        b = cas(x, v, v + 2);
    } while (not b);
}
```

$\{\sum c_{i+2}\}$



Complex rules built-in as primitives

$$\text{CaReSL: } \frac{\mathcal{C} \vdash \forall b \underset{\pi}{\sqsupseteq} b_0. (\pi[b] * P) \ i \mapsto_1 a \ (x. \exists b' \underset{\pi}{\sqsupseteq} b. \pi[b'] * Q)}{\mathcal{C} \vdash \left\{ \boxed{b_0}_\pi^n * \triangleright P \right\} \ i \mapsto a \ \left\{ x. \exists b'. \boxed{b'}_\pi^n * Q \right\}} \text{ UPDISL}$$

All you need are two simple primitives:

- Invariants
- Partial commutative monoids

$$\text{TaDA: } \frac{\lambda; \mathcal{A} \vdash \forall x \in X. \langle p_p \mid I(t_a^\lambda(x)) * p(x) * [G]_a \rangle \mathbb{C} \ \exists y \in Y. \langle q_p(x, y) \mid I(t_a^\lambda(f(x))) * q(x, y) \rangle}{\lambda + 1; \mathcal{A} \vdash \forall x \in X. \langle p_p \mid t_a^\lambda(x) * p(x) * [G]_a \rangle \mathbb{C} \ \exists y \in Y. \langle q_p(x, y) \mid t_a^\lambda(f(x)) * q(x, y) \rangle}$$

Use atomic rule
 $a \notin \mathcal{A} \quad \forall x \in X. (x, f(x)) \in \mathcal{T}_t(G)^*$

Logical (“ghost”) resources

Partial commutative monoid (PCM)

- Set M (carrier)
- An operation \cdot on M (associative, commutative)
- A unit ε (“empty”)
- A zero \perp (“bottom”, “undefined”)

Logical (“ghost”) resources

Partial commutative monoid (PCM)

- Set M (carrier)
- An operation \cdot on M (associative, commutative)
- A unit ε (“empty”)
- A zero \perp (“bottom”, “undefined”)

Resource $a \in M$: Logical assertion $[a]$ (“own a ”)

Logical (“ghost”) resources

Partial commutative monoid (PCM)

- Set M (carrier)
- An operation \cdot on M (associative, commutative)
- A unit ε (“empty”)
- A zero \perp (“bottom”, “undefined”)

Resource $a \in M$: Logical assertion $[a]$ (“own a ”)

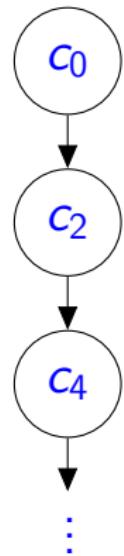
$$\frac{a \cdot b = c}{[a] * [b] \Leftrightarrow [c]}$$

$\perp \Rightarrow \text{False}$

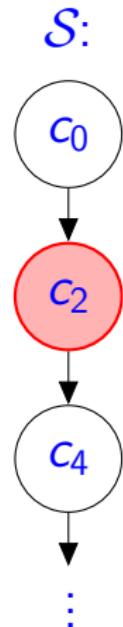
STS monoid: Intuition



$S:$



STS monoid: Intuition



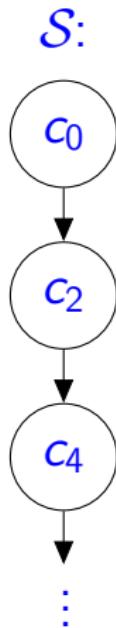
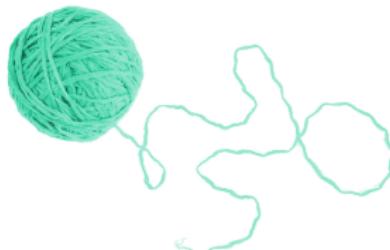
STS monoid: Intuition



Poss $\{c_j \in S \mid j \geq 2\}$



Poss S



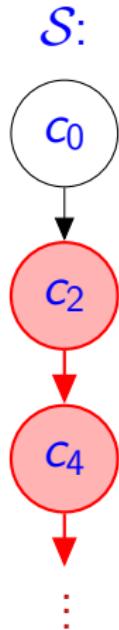
STS monoid: Intuition



Poss $\{c_j \in \mathcal{S} \mid j \geq 2\}$



Poss \mathcal{S}



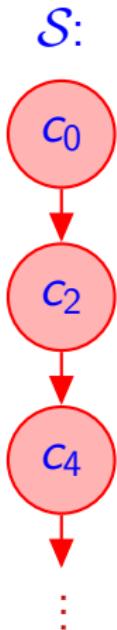
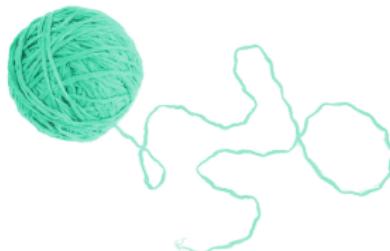
STS monoid: Intuition



Poss $\{c_j \in S \mid j \geq 2\}$



Poss S



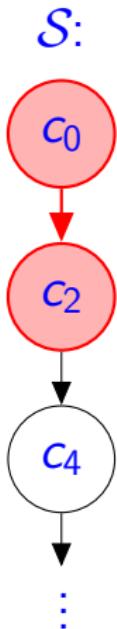
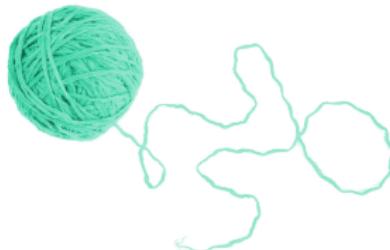
STS monoid: Intuition



$\text{Poss } \{c_j \in S \mid j \geq 2\}$



$\text{Poss } \{c_0, c_2\}$



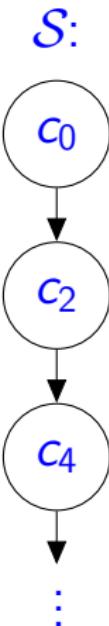
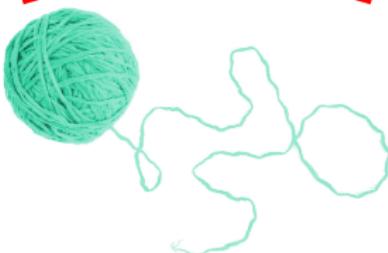
STS monoid: Intuition



Poss $\{c_j \in S \mid j \geq 2\}$

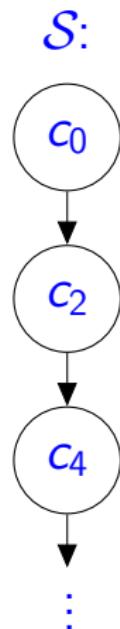


~~Poss $\{c_0, c_2\}$~~



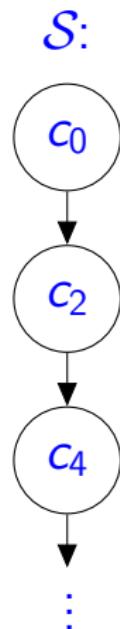
STS monoid: Formal definition

$$M \triangleq \left\{ \quad \right\} \cup \left\{ \quad \right\}$$



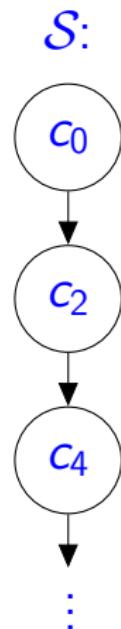
STS monoid: Formal definition

$$M \triangleq \{\text{Curr } c \mid c \in \mathcal{S}\} \cup \left\{ \dots \right\}$$



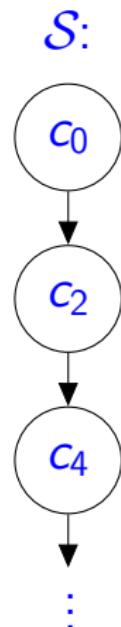
STS monoid: Formal definition

$$M \triangleq \{\text{Curr } c \mid c \in \mathcal{S}\} \cup \\ \left\{ \text{Poss } B \mid B \subseteq \mathcal{S} \wedge B \neq \emptyset \wedge \right\}$$



STS monoid: Formal definition

$$M \triangleq \{\text{Curr } c \mid c \in \mathcal{S}\} \cup \\ \left\{ \text{Poss } B \mid \begin{array}{l} B \subseteq \mathcal{S} \wedge B \neq \emptyset \wedge \\ B \text{ closed under } \rightarrow \end{array} \right\}$$

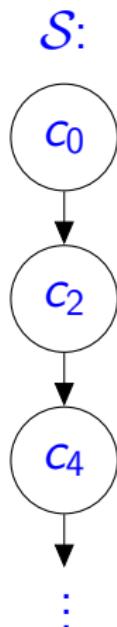


STS monoid: Formal definition

$$M \triangleq \{\text{Curr } c \mid c \in \mathcal{S}\} \cup \left\{ \text{Poss } B \mid \begin{array}{l} B \subseteq \mathcal{S} \wedge B \neq \emptyset \wedge \\ B \text{ closed under } \rightarrow \end{array} \right\}$$

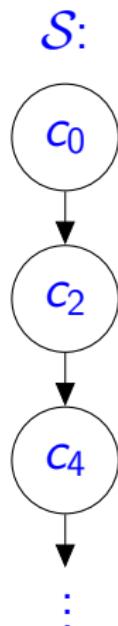


$$\text{Poss } B_1 \cdot \text{Poss } B_2 \triangleq \text{Poss } (B_1 \cap B_2)$$



STS monoid: Formal definition

$$M \triangleq \{ \text{Curr } c \mid c \in \mathcal{S} \} \cup \\ \left\{ \text{Poss } B \mid \begin{array}{l} B \subseteq \mathcal{S} \wedge B \neq \emptyset \wedge \\ B \text{ closed under } \rightarrow \end{array} \right\}$$

 \parallel  \triangleq 

$$\text{Poss } B_1 \cdot \text{Poss } B_2 \triangleq \text{Poss } (B_1 \cap B_2)$$

$$\text{Poss } B \cdot \text{Curr } c \triangleq \text{Curr } c \text{ if } c \in B$$

STS monoid: Formal definition

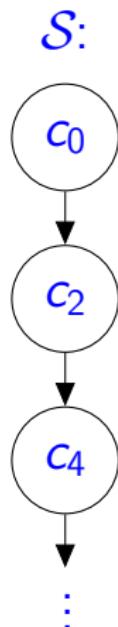
$$M \triangleq \{ \text{Curr } c \mid c \in \mathcal{S} \} \cup \\ \left\{ \text{Poss } B \mid \begin{array}{l} B \subseteq \mathcal{S} \wedge B \neq \emptyset \wedge \\ B \text{ closed under } \rightarrow \end{array} \right\}$$

 \parallel 

$$\text{Poss } B_1 \cdot \text{Poss } B_2 \triangleq \text{Poss } (B_1 \cap B_2)$$

$$\text{Poss } B \cdot \text{Curr } c \triangleq \text{Curr } c \text{ if } c \in B$$

$$\text{Curr } c_1 \cdot \text{Curr } c_2 \triangleq \perp$$



STS invariant

STS invariant

Interaction of monoids and invariants

- Monoids serve to *express* protocols.
- Invariants serve to *enforce* protocols on shared state.

STS invariant

Invariant $R \triangleq \exists c. \text{Curr } c * \varphi(c)$

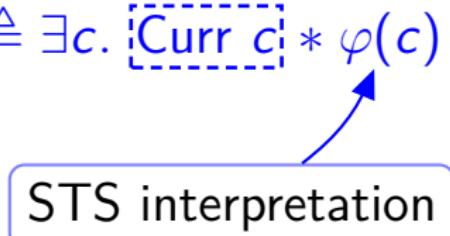
Current state of STS

Interaction of monoids and invariants

- Monoids serve to *express* protocols.
- Invariants serve to *enforce* protocols on shared state.

STS invariant

Invariant $R \triangleq \exists c. [\text{Curr } c] * \varphi(c)$



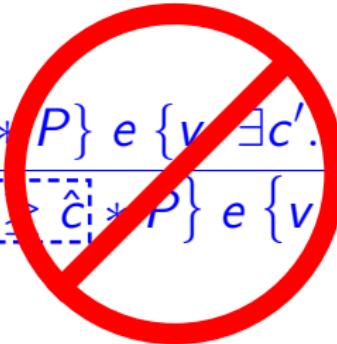
Interaction of monoids and invariants

- Monoids serve to *express* protocols.
- Invariants serve to *enforce* protocols on shared state.

Show $\{\geq c_i\} \ inc2(x) \ \{\geq c_{i+2}\}$

$$\frac{\forall c. \{\hat{c} \rightarrow^* c * \varphi(c) * P\} \in \{v. \exists c'. c \rightarrow^* c' * \varphi(c') * Q\}}{\text{STS}(\mathcal{S}, \varphi) \vdash \{\geq \hat{c}\} * P \in \{v. \exists c'. \geq c' * Q\}}$$

Show $\{\geq c_i\} \ inc2(x) \ \{\geq c_{i+2}\}$

$$\frac{\forall c. \{\hat{c} \rightarrow^* c * \varphi(c) * P\} \in \{v \mid \exists c'. c \rightarrow^* c' * \varphi(c') * Q\}}{\text{STS}(\mathcal{S}, \varphi) \vdash \{\geq \hat{c}\} * P \in \{v \mid \exists c'. \geq c' * Q\}}$$


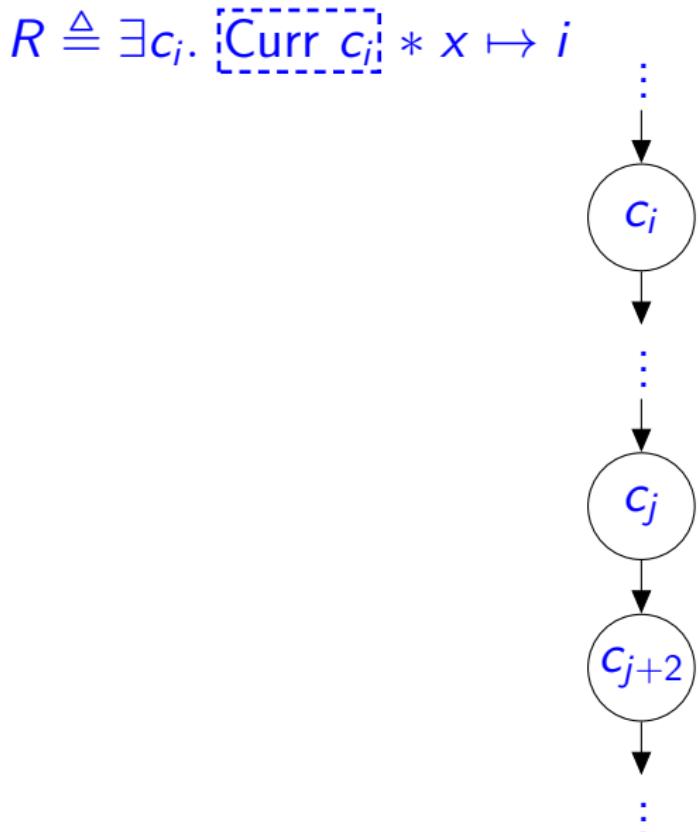
STS reasoning

$$R \triangleq \exists c_i. [\text{Curr } c_i] * x \mapsto i$$

$$\{[\geq c_i]\}$$

```
fn inc2(x) {  
    do {  
        v = !x;  
        b = cas(x, v, v + 2);  
    } while (not b);  
}
```

$$\{[\geq c_{i+2}]\}$$



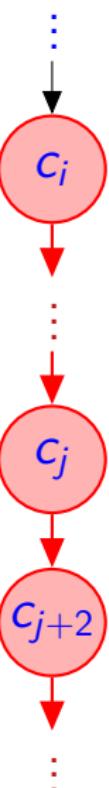
STS reasoning

$$B_i \triangleq \{c_j \in \mathcal{S} \mid j \geq i\} \quad R \triangleq \exists c_i. [\text{Curr } c_i] * x \mapsto i$$

$\{\text{Poss } B_i\}$

```
fn inc2(x) {  
    do {  
        v = !x;  
        b = cas(x, v, v + 2);  
    } while (not b);  
}
```

$\{\text{Poss } B_{i+2}\}$



STS reasoning

$$B_i \triangleq \{c_j \in \mathcal{S} \mid j \geq i\} \quad R \triangleq \exists c_i. [\text{Curr } c_i] * x \mapsto i$$

$\{\text{Poss } B_i\}$

fn *inc2*(*x*) {

do {

v = !*x*;

b = **cas**(*x*, *v*, *v* + 2);

} **while** (**not** *b*);

}

$\{\text{Poss } B_{i+2}\}$

Obtain *R*:

$[\text{Poss } B_i] * [\text{Curr } c_j] * x \mapsto j$

c_i

c_j

c_{j+2}

STS reasoning

$$B_i \triangleq \{c_j \in \mathcal{S} \mid j \geq i\} \quad R \triangleq \exists c_i. [\text{Curr } c_i] * x \mapsto i$$

$\{\text{Poss } B_i\}$

fn *inc2*(*x*) {

do {

v = !*x*;

b = **cas**(*x*, *v*, *v* + 2);

} **while** (**not** *b*);

}

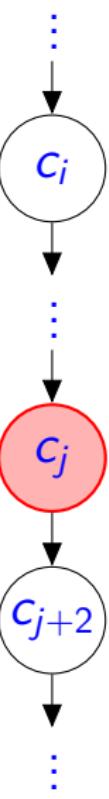
$\{\text{Poss } B_{i+2}\}$

Obtain *R*:

$[\text{Poss } B_i] * [\text{Curr } c_j] * x \mapsto j$

Remember

$\text{Poss } B_i \cdot \text{Curr } c_j \triangleq \text{Curr } c_j$
if $c_j \in B_i$



STS reasoning

$$B_i \triangleq \{c_j \in \mathcal{S} \mid j \geq i\} \quad R \triangleq \exists c_i. [\text{Curr } c_i] * x \mapsto i$$

$\{\text{Poss } B_i\}$

fn *inc2*(*x*) {

do {

v = !*x*;

b = **cas**(*x*, *v*, *v* + 2);

} **while** (**not** *b*);

}

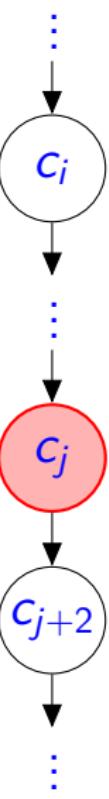
$\{\text{Poss } B_{i+2}\}$

So we have:

$$c_j \in B_i * [\text{Curr } c_j] * x \mapsto j$$

Remember

$$\text{Poss } B_i \cdot \text{Curr } c_j \triangleq \text{Curr } c_j \quad \text{if } c_j \in B_i$$



STS reasoning

$$B_i \triangleq \{c_j \in \mathcal{S} \mid j \geq i\} \quad R \triangleq \exists c_i. [\text{Curr } c_i] * x \mapsto i$$

$\{\text{Poss } B_i\}$

fn *inc2*(*x*) {

do {

v = !*x*;

b = **cas**(*x*, *v*, *v* + 2);

} **while** (**not** *b*);

}

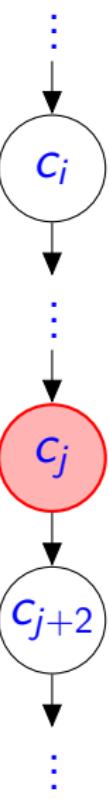
$\{\text{Poss } B_{i+2}\}$

So we have:

$$j \geq i * [\text{Curr } c_j] * x \mapsto j$$

Remember

$$\text{Poss } B_i \cdot \text{Curr } c_j \triangleq \text{Curr } c_j \quad \text{if } c_j \in B_i$$



STS reasoning

$$B_i \triangleq \{c_j \in \mathcal{S} \mid j \geq i\} \quad R \triangleq \exists c_i. [\text{Curr } c_i] * x \mapsto i$$

$\{\text{Poss } B_i\}$

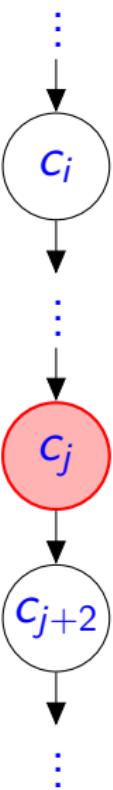
```
fn inc2(x) {  
    do {  
        v = !x;  
        b = cas(x, v, v + 2);  
    } while (not b);  
}
```

$\{\text{Poss } B_{i+2}\}$

We have:

$[\text{Curr } c_j] * x \mapsto j + 2,$

We want: R



STS reasoning

$$B_i \triangleq \{c_j \in \mathcal{S} \mid j \geq i\} \quad R \triangleq \exists c_i. [\text{Curr } c_i] * x \mapsto i$$

{ $\text{Poss } B_i$ }

fn inc2(x) {

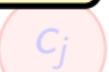
We need a way to update $\text{Curr } c_i$ to $\text{Curr } c_{i+2}$

~~$b = \text{cas}(x, v, v + 2);$~~

} while (not b);

}

{ $\text{Poss } B_{i+2}$ }



STS reasoning

$$B_i \triangleq \{c_j \in \mathcal{S} \mid j \geq i\} \quad R \triangleq \exists c_i. [\text{Curr } c_i] * x \mapsto i$$

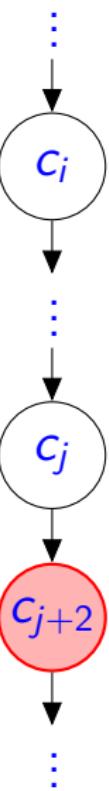
$\{\text{Poss } B_i\}$

```
fn inc2(x) {  
    do {  
        v = !x;  
        b = cas(x, v, v + 2);  
    } while (not b);  
}
```

$\{\text{Poss } B_{i+2}\}$

We have R :

$$[\text{Curr } c_{j+2}] * x \mapsto j + 2$$



STS reasoning

$$B_i \triangleq \{c_j \in \mathcal{S} \mid j \geq i\} \quad R \triangleq \exists c_i. [\text{Curr } c_i] * x \mapsto i$$

$\{\text{Poss } B_i\}$

fn *inc2*(*x*) {

do {

v = !*x*;

b = **cas**(*x*, *v*, *v* + 2);

} **while** (**not** *b*);

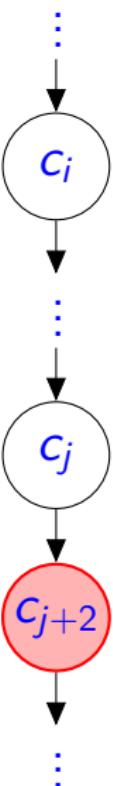
}

$\{\text{Poss } B_{i+2}\}$

We have *R*:

$[\text{Curr } c_{j+2}] * x \mapsto j + 2,$

We want: $\{\text{Poss } B_{i+2}\}$



STS reasoning

$$B_i \triangleq \{c_j \in \mathcal{S} \mid j \geq i\} \quad R \triangleq \exists c_i. [\text{Curr } c_i] * x \mapsto i$$

$\{\text{Poss } B_i\}$

fn *inc2*(*x*) {

do {

v = !*x*;

b = **cas**(*x*, *v*, *v* + 2);

} **while** (**not** *b*);

}

$\{\text{Poss } B_{i+2}\}$

We have *R*:

$[\text{Curr } c_{j+2}] * x \mapsto j + 2,$

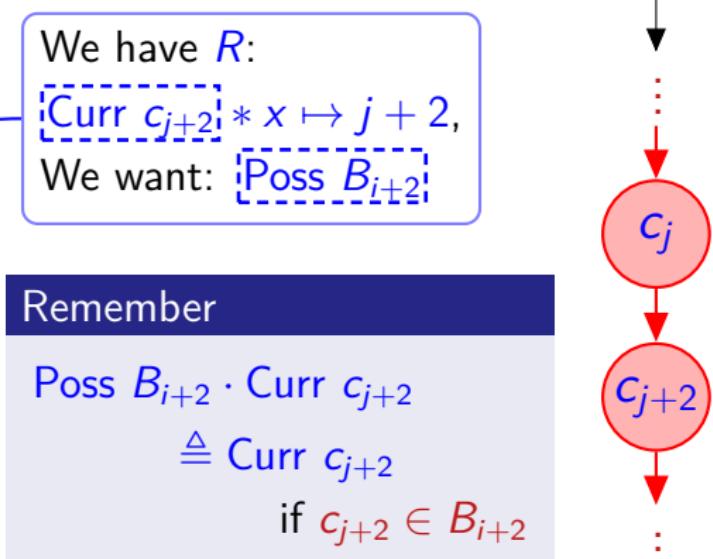
We want: $[\text{Poss } B_{i+2}]$

Remember

$\text{Poss } B_{i+2} \cdot \text{Curr } c_{j+2}$

$\triangleq \text{Curr } c_{j+2}$

if $c_{j+2} \in B_{i+2}$



Frame-preserving ghost update

$\boxed{\text{Curr } c_j} \Rightarrow \boxed{\text{Curr } c_{j+2}}$

Frame-preserving ghost update

$[a] \Rightarrow [b]$

Frame-preserving ghost update

$$[a] \Rightarrow [b]$$

Us vs. the world

We always have $a \# a_f$ (for some *frame*)

where $a \# a_f \triangleq a \cdot a_f \neq \perp$

Frame-preserving ghost update

$$\boxed{a} \Rightarrow \boxed{b}$$

Us vs. the world

We always have $a \# a_f$ (for some *frame*)

So if we can show $b \# a_f$

where $a \# a_f \triangleq a \cdot a_f \neq \perp$

Frame-preserving ghost update

$$\boxed{a} \Rightarrow \boxed{b}$$

Us vs. the world

We always have $a \# a_f$ (for some *frame*)

So if we can show $b \# a_f$

We obtain $\boxed{a} \Rightarrow \boxed{b}$

where $a \# a_f \triangleq a \cdot a_f \neq \perp$

Frame-preserving ghost update

$$\frac{\forall a_f. \ a \# a_f \Rightarrow b \# a_f}{[a] \Rightarrow [b]}$$

cf. Views [DY+13]

Us vs. the world

We always have $a \# a_f$ (for some *frame*)

So if we can show $b \# a_f$

We obtain $[a] \Rightarrow [b]$

where $a \# a_f \triangleq a \cdot a_f \neq \perp$

Frame-preserving ghost update

[Curr c_j] \Rightarrow [Curr c_{j+2}]

Frame-preserving ghost update

$$\frac{c \rightarrow^* c'}{\boxed{\text{Curr } c} \Rightarrow \boxed{\text{Curr } c'}}$$

Frame-preserving ghost update

$$\frac{c \rightarrow^* c'}{\boxed{\text{Curr } c} \Rightarrow \boxed{\text{Curr } c'}}$$

Us vs. the world

We have $\text{Curr } c \ # \ a_f$

Frame-preserving ghost update

$$\frac{c \rightarrow^* c'}{\boxed{\text{Curr } c} \Rightarrow \boxed{\text{Curr } c'}}$$

Us vs. the world

We have $\text{Curr } c$ # ?

Remember

$$\text{Curr } c_1 \cdot \text{Curr } c_2 \triangleq \perp$$



||



Frame-preserving ghost update

$$\frac{c \rightarrow^* c'}{\boxed{\text{Curr } c} \Rightarrow \boxed{\text{Curr } c'}}$$

Us vs. the world

We have $\text{Curr } c \ # \text{ Poss } B$

Remember

$$\text{Poss } B \cdot \text{Curr } c \triangleq \text{Curr } c \text{ if } c \in B$$



||



\triangleq



Frame-preserving ghost update

$$\frac{c \rightarrow^* c'}{\boxed{\text{Curr } c} \Rightarrow \boxed{\text{Curr } c'}}$$

Us vs. the world

We have $\text{Curr } c \# \text{ Poss } B, c \in B$

Remember

$$\text{Poss } B \cdot \text{Curr } c \triangleq \text{Curr } c \text{ if } c \in B$$



||



\triangleq



Frame-preserving ghost update

$$\frac{c \rightarrow^* c'}{\boxed{\text{Curr } c} \Rightarrow \boxed{\text{Curr } c'}}$$

Us vs. the world

We have $\text{Curr } c \# \text{ Poss } B, c \in B$

Show $\text{Curr } c' \# \text{ Poss } B: c' \in B$

Remember

$$\text{Poss } B \cdot \text{Curr } c \triangleq \text{Curr } c \text{ if } c \in B$$



||



\triangleq



Frame-preserving ghost update

$$\frac{c \rightarrow^* c'}{\boxed{\text{Curr } c} \Rightarrow \boxed{\text{Curr } c'}}$$

Us vs. the world

We have $\text{Curr } c \# \text{ Poss } B, c \in B$

Show $\text{Curr } c' \# \text{ Poss } B: c' \in B$

Remember

$$M \triangleq \{\text{Curr } c \mid c \in \mathcal{S}\} \cup \\ \left\{ \text{Poss } B \mid \begin{array}{l} B \subseteq \mathcal{S} \wedge B \neq \emptyset \wedge \\ B \text{ closed under } \rightarrow \end{array} \right\}$$

Frame-preserving ghost update

$$\frac{c \rightarrow^* c'}{\boxed{\text{Curr } c} \Rightarrow \boxed{\text{Curr } c'}}$$

Us vs. the world

We have $\text{Curr } c \# \text{ Poss } B, c \in B$

Show $\text{Curr } c' \# \text{ Poss } B: c' \in B$

$$\boxed{\text{Curr } c} \Rightarrow \boxed{\text{Curr } c'}$$

Summary: Rules for PCMs and invariants

$$\{R * P\} \in \{R * Q\}$$

e atomic

$$\boxed{R} \vdash \{P\} \in \{Q\}$$

$$\frac{a \cdot b = c}{\boxed{a} * \boxed{b} \Leftrightarrow \boxed{c}}$$

$$\frac{\forall a_f. a \# a_f \Rightarrow b \# a_f}{\boxed{a} \Rightarrow \boxed{b}}$$

$$\boxed{\perp} \Rightarrow \text{False}$$